U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

Waccamaw

 $\overline{National\ Wildlife\ Ref}uge\ Bird\ List$





Waccamaw National Wildlife Refuge



This blue goose, designed by J. N. "Ding" Darling, has become a symbol of the National Wildlife Refuge System.



Red-cockaded Woodpecker

Waccamaw National Wildlife Refuge Waccamaw National Wildlife Refuge (NWR) is one of 553 National Wildlife Refuges that form a network of lands and waters managed specifically for wildlife. The wetland diversity of Waccamaw NWR is what sets it apart from other refuges found along the east coast. Wetland habitats range from historical and actively managed tidal rice fields to black water and alluvial flood plain forested wetlands of the Waccamaw and Great Pee Dee Rivers, These tidal freshwater wetlands are some of the most diverse freshwater wetland systems found in North America and offer many important habitats for migratory birds, fish, and resident wildlife. Species such as the Swallowtailed Kite, Osprey, Wood Stork, White Ibis, Prothonotary warbler, and many species of waterfowl can

The variety of habitats supports more than 400 species of animals including four federally endangered species. One of these species is the Red-cockaded woodpecker which resides in the expansive longleaf pine forests on Sandy Island. In addition, four other species of birds found on the Refuge are classified as endangered in South Carolina and include the Wood Stork, Bald Eagle, Peregrine Falcon, & Swallowtailed Kite. Research shows that the Refuge and surrounding area supports the highest density of nesting swallow-tailed kites in South Carolina and is the northernmost documented nesting site for this species.

be observed on a seasonal basis.

Please keep in mind that some trails may be closed seasonally to protect sensitive wildlife areas or because of hunting. Consult the Refuge hunting regulations brochure for closure information.

This checklist is based on records and observations by Refuge personnel, visiting birders, local



Wood Stork

birding organizations, & local tour guides. As we try to keep our list upto-date, it is important that persons who see a bird not listed, report the sighting to the Refuge Manager at Waccamaw National Wildlife Refuge, 21424 N. Fraser St. Georgetown, SC 29440 (Telephone: 843/527 8069).

Birding Ethics

Birders on the Refuge are expected to adhere to the Code of Birding Ethics listed below as set forth by the American Birding Association. Everyone who enjoys birds and birding must always respect wildlife, its environment, and the rights of others. In any conflict of interest between birds and birders, the welfare of the birds and their environment comes first.

Promote the welfare of birds & their environments

Support the protection of important bird habitat.

To avoid stressing birds or exposing them to danger, exercise restraint and caution during observation, photography, sound recording, or filming.

Limit the use of recordings and other methods of attracting birds, and never use such methods in heavily birded areas, or for attracting any species that is Threatened, Endangered, or of Special Concern, or is rare in your local area;

Keep well back from nests and nesting colonies, roosts, display areas, and important feeding sites. In such sensitive areas, if there is a need for extended observation, photography, filming, or recording, try to use a blind or hide, and take advantage of natural cover.

Use artificial light sparingly for filming or photography, especially for close-ups.





Carolina Wren, South Carolina State Bird

Before advertising the presence of a rare bird, evaluate the potential for disturbance to the bird, its surroundings and other people in the area, and proceed only if access can be controlled, disturbance minimized, and permission has been obtained from Refuge staff. The sites of rare nesting birds should be divulged only to Refuge staff.

Stay on roads, trails, and paths where they exist; otherwise keep habitat disturbance to a minimum.

Practice common courtesy in contacts with other people. Your exemplary behavior will generate goodwill with birders and nonbirders alike.

Group birding, whether organized or impromptu, requires special care.

Each individual in the group, in addition to the obligations spelled out above, has responsibilities as a Group Member.

Respect the interests, rights, and skills of fellow birders, as well as people participating in other legitimate outdoor activities.

If you witness unethical birding behavior, assess the situation, and intervene if you think it prudent. When interceding, inform the person(s) of the inappropriate action, and attempt, within reason, to have it stopped. If the behavior continues, document it, and notify Refuge staff.

*Group Leader Responsibilities*Be an exemplary ethical role model for the group. Teach through word and example.

Keep groups to a size that limits impact on the environment, and does not interfere with others using the same area.



Purple Gallinule

Ensure everyone in the group knows of and practices this code.

Learn and inform the group of any special circumstances applicable to the areas being visited.

Please follow this Code and teach it to others.

How to use your checklist

This bird checklist was designed to be informative and simple to use. The names for birds used comply with recommendations of the American Ornithologists' Union (AOU). Species are listed in the order set by the AOU's Checklist of North American Birds, 7th Edition (1998).

Symbols that appear in this checklist represent the following:

Seasonal Appearance Sp- Spring March-May

S- Summer June-August

F- Fall September-November

W- Winter December-February

Seasonal Abundance

- A Abundant (common species very numerous)
- C Common (certain to be seen in suitable habitat)
- U Uncommon (present but not certain to be seen)
- O Occasional (seen only a few times a season)
- R Rare (seen at intervals of 2 to 5 years)
- AC Very rarely seen with only one or two sightings within the past ten years
- * Known or suspected to nest on the Refuge

Loons & Grebes	Sp	S	F	W
Red-throated Loon	r		r	u
Common Loon	u	r	u	u
Pied-billed Grebe*	u	0	c	c
I led-billed di ebe	и	U	C	C
Pelicans, Cormorants, & Darters				
Brown Pelican*	0	o	0	0
American White Pelican	\mathbf{r}	r	r	r
Double-crested Cormorant	\mathbf{c}	c	c	c
Anhinga	c	c	c	0
Dittorno Horono 9 Egypto				
Bitterns, Herons, & Egrets American Bittern				
	u	u	u	0
Least Bittern*	c	c	c	u
Great Blue Heron*	c	С	С	c
Great Egret*	c	c	c	c
Snowy Egret*	c	c	c	c
Little Blue Heron	c	c	c	c
Tricolored Heron*	0	u	u	c
Cattle Egret	0	c	С	r
Green Heron*	c	c	u	u
Black-crowned Night-Heron*		0	0	0
Yellow-crowned Night-Heron	* u	С	0	u
Ibises, Storks & Spoonbills				
White Ibis*	c	c	c	0
Glossy Ibis*	u	u	0	u
Wood Stork*	0	0	0	u
Roseate Spoonbill	u	0	u	r
				
New World Vultures				
Black Vulture*	c	c	c	c
Turkey Vulture*	c	c	c	c
Hawks, Eagles, Kites				
Osprey*	0	0		11
Swallow-tailed Kite*	c	c	c	u
	c	c	0	r
Mississippi Kite	0	0	r	
Bald Eagle	0	0	0	0
Golden Eagle	r		r	r
Sharp-shinned Hawk*	0		О	u
Cooper's Hawk*	0	О	0	0
Red-shouldered Hawk*	0	0	0	0
Broad-winged Hawk			u	
Red-tailed Hawk*	c	c	c	c
Northern Harrier	0		0	0

Falcons	Sp	S	F	\mathbf{W}
American Kestrel	r		u	u
Merlin	r		r	r
Peregrine Falcon	\mathbf{r}		r	r
0wls				
Barn Owl*	u	u	u	u
Eastern Screech-Owl*	c	c	c	c
Great Horned Owl*	c	c	c	c
Barred Owl*	c	c	c	c
Long-eared Owl	r	r	\mathbf{r}	\mathbf{r}
Short-eared Owl	r	r	r	r
Nightjars & Swifts				
Common Nighthawk*	c	c	u	
Chuck-will's-widow*	c	c	0	
Whip-poor-will	0	c	0	0
Chimney Swift*	c	c	0	
Hummingbirds				
Ruby-throated Hummingbi	rd* c	c	c	u
Kingfishers				
Belted Kingfisher*	c	c	c	c
Deited Kinghshei	C	C	C	C
Woodpeckers				
Red-headed Woodpecker*	0	0	0	o
Red-bellied Woodpecker*	c	c	c	c
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	0		0	o
Downy Woodpecker*	c	c	c	c
Hairy Woodpecker*	u	u	u	u
Red-cockaded Woodpecker	* r	r	r	r
Northern Flicker*	c	c	c	c
Pileated Woodpecker*	c	c	c	c
Tyrant Flycatchers				
Eastern Wood-Pewee*	11	c	11	
Lastern wood-Pewee Acadian Flycatcher	u	c	u	
Least Flycatcher	0	c	0	
Eastern Phoebe	0	c	0	C
	u	u	c	c
Great Crested Flycatcher*	0	c	0	
Eastern Kingbird*	0	c	c	
Gray Kingbird		0	0	
Shrikes				
Loggerhead Shrike*		u	u	u

Pigeons & Doves	Sp	S	F	W
Rock Dove (Feral Pigeon)	u	u	u	u
Mourning Dove*	c	c	c	c
Common Ground-Dove*	0	0	О	0
Cuckoos				
Black-billed Cuckoo	u	u	u	u
Yellow-billed Cuckoo	c	c	c	u
Turkeys				
Wild Turkey*	c	c	c	c
New World Quail				
Northern Bobwhite*	u	u	u	u
Rails, Gallinules, Coots & Cranes				
Yellow Rail				r
Black Rail*		r	r	r
Clapper Rail*	c	c	c	c
King Rail*	0	0	0	0
Virginia Rail			0	0
Sora	0	c	c	0
Purple Gallinule	u	u	r	r
Common Moorhen*	c	c	c	c
American Coot*	c	u	0	a
Sandhill Crane	r	r	r	r
Plovers				
Black-bellied Plover	r		r	
Semipalmated Plover	u	u	u	r
Killdeer*	c	c	С	c
Oystercatchers, Stilts & Avocet				
American Oystercatcher	u	u	u	u
Black-necked Stilt	u	u		
American Avocet	r		r	
Sandpipers				
Greater Yellowlegs	0	o	0	c
Lesser Yellowlegs	0	0	0	c
Solitary Sandpiper	u		u	
Willet	u	u	u	u
Upland Sandpiper	u		u	
Whimbrel	\mathbf{r}	r	r	r
Long-billed Curlew	\mathbf{r}		r	r
Marbled Godwit	\mathbf{r}		r	u
Ruddy Turnstone	u	u	u	u
Red Knot	\mathbf{r}	r	r	r

	Sp	S	F	W
Sanderling	u	u	u	u
Semipalmated Sandpiper	u	u	u	r
Western Sandpiper	u	u	u	u
Least Sandpiper	u	u	u	u
White-rumped Sandpiper	u		u	
Spotted Sandpiper	c	c	c	c
Pectoral Sandpiper	u	u	u	r
Dunlin	u	u	u	u
Stilt Sandpiper		r		r
Short-billed Dowitcher	u	u	u	u
Long-billed Dowitcher				u
Common Snipe	0		u	O
American Woodcock*	0	r	О	O
Red-necked Phalarope	r		r	r
Wilson's Phalarope	u		u	
Gulls & Terns				
Laughing Gull	u	u	u	u
Bonaparte's Gull	u			u
Ring-billed Gull	u			0
Herring Gull	u			0
Great Black-backed Gull	r		r	r
Caspian Tern	0		u	
Royal Tern	0		O	
Sandwich Tern	u	u	u	r
Common Tern	u	u	u	
Forster's Tern			u	u
Least Tern	u	0	О	r
Sooty Tern	\mathbf{r}	r	r	
Black Tern		u	u	
Skimmers				
Black Skimmer	\mathbf{r}	r	r	r
Markinghinds O Thursham				
Mockingbirds & Thrashers	_		_	
Gray Catbird*	0	c	c	0
Northern Mockingbird*	c	c	c	c
Brown Thrasher*	c	c	С	c
Thrushes				
Eastern Bluebird*	c	c	c	c
Veery	0	ŭ	0	
Gray-cheeked Thrush	u		Ü	
Swainson's Thrush	0			
Hermit Thrush	0	0	0	c
Wood Thrush*	u	0	0	
American Robin	0	J	c	c
	Ü			

Sp	S	F	W
a	0	0	0
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U	C	C	U
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c	c	c	c
			c
C	C	C	C
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	Sp	S	F	W
Blue Grosbeak		c	c	c
Indigo Bunting*	0	c	0	
Painted Bunting*	c	c	u	
Dickcissel		r	r	r
Blackbirds				
Bobolink		u		u
Red-winged Blackbird*	c	c	a	a
Eastern Meadowlark*	0	0	0	0
Brewer's Blackbird	r		r	
Rusty Blackbird				u
Common Grackle*	c	c	c	c
Boat-tailed Grackle*	u	u	u	u
Brown-headed Cowbird*	c	c	c	c
Orchard Oriole*	c	0	0	
Baltimore Oriole		0		0
Cardueline Finches				
Purple Finch				0
House Finch	u	u	u	0
Pine Siskin	\mathbf{r}			0
American Goldfinch	u		0	c
Evening Grosbeak				u
Old World Sparrows				
House Sparrow*	0	0	o	0
Starlings				
European Starling*	0	0	0	0
Dimite				
Pipits	70		.,	
American Pipit*	r		u	u
Waxwings				
Cedar Waxwing*	0		u	c
Wood Warblers				
Blue-winged Warbler	r		r	
Golden-winged Warbler			r	
Tennessee Warbler	\mathbf{r}		r	
Orange-crowned Warbler	0		0	0
Nashville Warbler	\mathbf{r}		r	
Northern Parula*	c	c	u	
Yellow Warbler	c		u	
Chestnut-sided Warbler	0		0	
Magnolia Warbler	r		r	
Cape May Warbler	r		u	

	Sp	S	F	W
Black-throated Blue Warbler	u		u	
Yellow-rumped Warbler	0		a	a
Black-throated Green Warbler	u		u	
Blackburnian Warbler	O	0	O	
Yellow-throated Warbler*	c	c	\mathbf{c}	c
Pine Warbler*	c	c	\mathbf{c}	u
Prairie Warbler*	u	u	u	0
Palm Warbler	O		c	u
Bay-breasted Warbler	\mathbf{r}	r		
Blackpoll Warbler	O		0	
Cerulean Warbler	\mathbf{r}		\mathbf{r}	
Black-and-white Warbler	O		u	u
American Redstart	u	0	c	
Prothonotary Warbler*	u	u	0	
Worm-eating Warbler	O		0	
Swainson's Warbler*	O		0	
Ovenbird	c		c	
Northern Waterthrush	O		0	
Louisiana Waterthrush*	O		0	
Kentucky Warbler*		u	0	0
Connecticut Warbler			\mathbf{r}	
Mourning Warbler	\mathbf{r}		\mathbf{r}	
Common Yellowthroat*	\mathbf{c}	c	\mathbf{c}	c
Hooded Warbler*	\mathbf{c}	u	o	
Wilson's Warbler	r		\mathbf{r}	
Canada Warbler	r		\mathbf{r}	
Yellow-breasted Chat*	u	0	0	
Tanagers				
Summer Tanager*	c	c	c	
Scarlet Tanager	O		u	
				
Nuthatches				
Red-breasted Nuthatch*	r			r
White-breasted Nuthatch*	u	0	0	u
Brown-headed Nuthatch*	c	0	0	0
Creepers				
Brown Creeper	u			u
Wrens				
Carolina Wren*	c	c	c	c
House Wren		0		c
Winter Wren				u
Sedge Wren	u		u	
Marsh Wren*	c	c	c	c

/inglata & Chataatahara	Sp	S	F	W
(inglets & Gnatcatchers				
Golden-crowned Kinglet			0	u
Ruby-crowned Kinglet	0		c	c
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher*	c	c	u	u
N aterfowl				
Fulvous Whistling-Duck				r
Snow Goose			r	r
— Canada Goose	\mathbf{c}		0	c
Brant				r
Tundra Swan				r
Wood Duck*	c	c	c	c
Gadwall				c
Eurasian Wigeon				r
American Wigeon				c
American Black Duck				0
Mallard	c		c	c
Blue-winged Teal	0		c	c
_ Cinnamon Teal			-	r
Northern Shoveler	\mathbf{r}			c
Northern Pintail				c
Green-winged Teal	0		0	c
_ Canvasback				0
Redhead				u
_ Ring-necked Duck	\mathbf{r}		c	
_ Greater Scaup			_	r
Lesser Scaun				0
Surf Scoter			u	u
White unneed Sector			u	u
Black Scoter			u	u
Harlequin Duck			r	r
Oldsquaw			r	r
Bufflehead			-	c
Common Goldeneye				r
Hooded Merganser				c
Common Merganser			r	r
Red-breasted Merganser			u	u
Ruddy Duck*			-	0
				0



Date Time Weather No. of Species Route or Area Observers Remarks	gg
Time	Date
Weather No. of Species Route or Area Observers	
Weather No. of Species Route or Area Observers	
No. of Species	Time
No. of Species	
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Observers	
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Remarks	
Remarks	
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Sighting Notes

Waccamaw National Wildlife Refuge 21424 N. Fraser Street Georgetown, South Carolina 29440 U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 843/527 8069

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